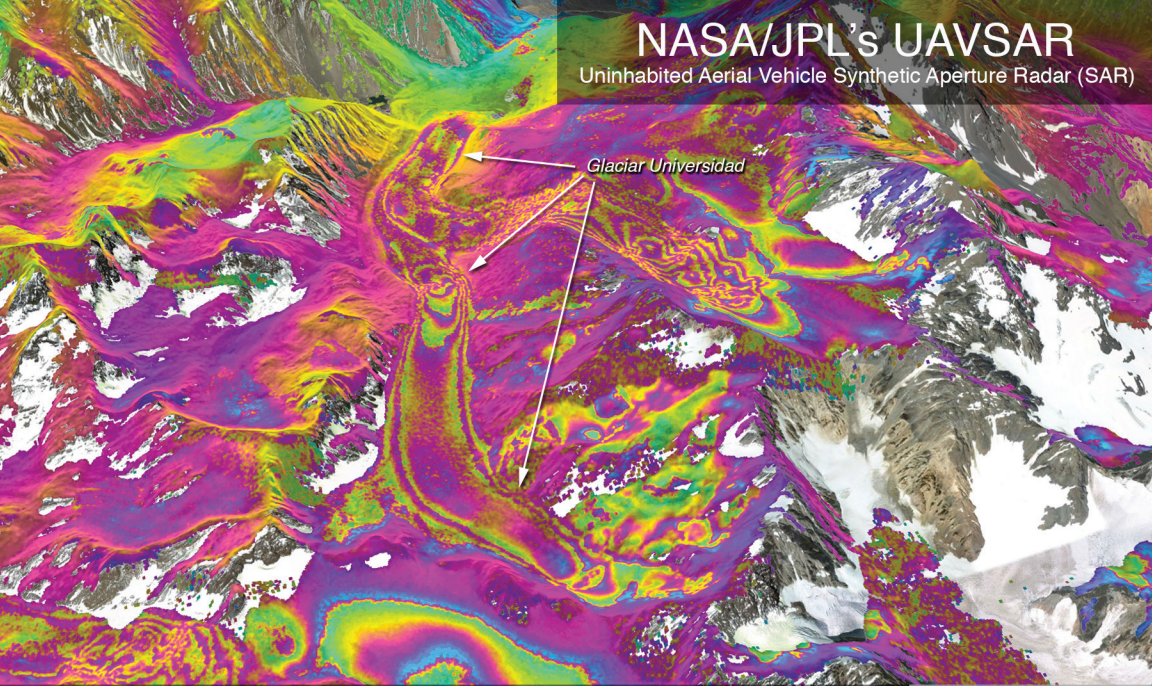


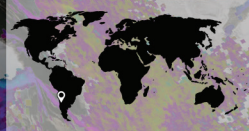
NASA/JPL's UAVSAR

Uninhabited Aerial Vehicle Synthetic Aperture Radar (SAR)



Interferometric image of Chile's Río Los Cipreses National Reserve (March 25 & 27, 2013)

The colors correspond to small amounts of ground movement that occurred between the two dates. Rapid color changes show where the glacier is moving more quickly. The colors are draped over Google Earth.



National Aeronautics and
Space Administration



The Uninhabited Aerial Vehicle Synthetic Aperture Radar (UAVSAR) provides measurements used to study vegetation, soil moisture, ice, and changes in the Earth's surface.



Originally developed to fly in a single pod underneath NASA's Gulfstream-III jet, the system has been modified to fly on the long-range high endurance Global Hawk UAV. UAVSAR's modular design is reconfigurable between multiple radar bands (L, P, Ka) and is used both as a flying test-bed for the development of future space missions and to gather valuable airborne data for ongoing Earth science research.

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UAVSAR Website:
<http://uavsar.jpl.nasa.gov>

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